

Stage 3 Oahu and Maui Request for Proposals

Technical Conference February 17, 2023

Mahalo for joining us! We'll start promptly at 9 a.m.



Stage 3 Oahu and Maui Request For Proposals Technical Status Conference February 17, 2023

Today's Purpose

- Provide information prospective proposers can use as they develop proposals for the Stage 3 Oahu and Maui Request for Proposals ("Stage 3 Oahu RFP", "Stage 3 Maui RFP")
- Question & Answer Period



Your input is important



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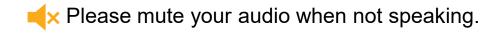












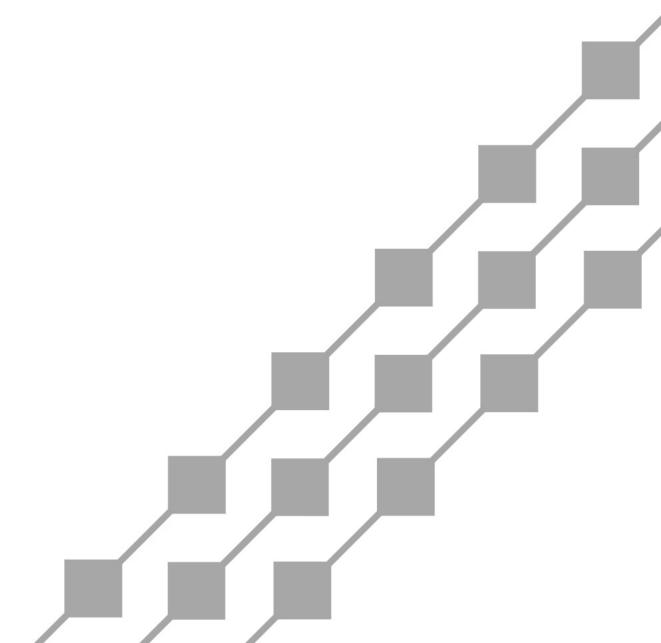
Agenda

- Scope of RFPs
- RFP Process
- RFP Requirements
- Technical Requirements
- Next Steps
- Questions



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Scope of RFPs



Stage 3 Oahu seeks

- Acquire
 - At least 965 GWh annually of variable renewable dispatchable generation
 - 500 to 700 MW of renewable firm capacity
- Acceptable Project Types
 - Firm Renewable Dispatchable Generation Projects
 - Variable Renewable Dispatchable Generation Projects
 - Paired Projects
 - Standalone Storage Projects
- Eligible Projects
 - New renewable dispatchable generation projects
 - Existing projects



Oahu - Recommended Interconnections

- 138 kV Transmission Lines
 - Ewa Nui 1 & 2, between Ewa Nui Substation and Waiau Substation
 - Waiau-Koolau 1 & 2, between Waiau Substaion and Koolau Substation
 - Koolau-Pukele 1 & 2, between Koolau Substation and Pukele Substation
- 138 kV Substations
 - Ewa Nui Substation, CEIP Substation, Hoohana Substation, Kahe Substation,
 AES Substation, Koolau Substation, Waiau Power Plant

Proposers may request a high-level map identifying the offered 138 kV lines and substations after execution of the NDA.



Stage 3 Maui seeks

- Acquire
 - At least 425 GWh annually of variable renewable dispatchable generation
 - At least 40 MW of renewable firm capacity
- Acceptable Project Types
 - Firm Renewable Dispatchable Generation Projects
 - Variable Renewable Dispatchable Generation Projects
 - Paired Projects
 - Standalone Storage Projects
- Eligible Projects
 - New renewable dispatchable generation projects
 - Existing projects



Maui - Recommended Interconnections

- 69 kV Transmission Lines
 - MPP-Lahainaluna, MPP-Waiinu, MPP-Waena, Waena-Kealahou, Waena-Pukalani, Pukalani-Kula, Kula-Kealahou
- 69 kV Offered Substations
 - Lahainaluna Substation, Kealahou Substation

Proposers may request a high-level map identifying the offered 69 kV transmission-level lines and substations after execution of the NDA.



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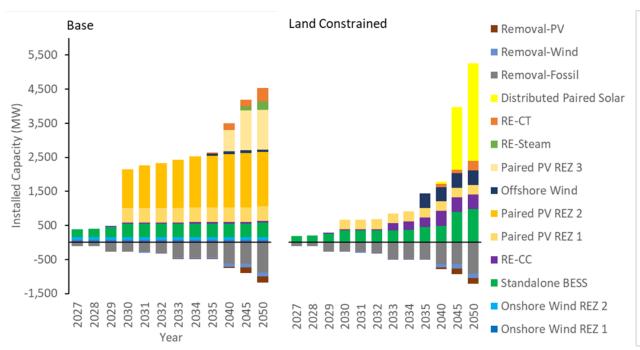
Grid Needs Assessment

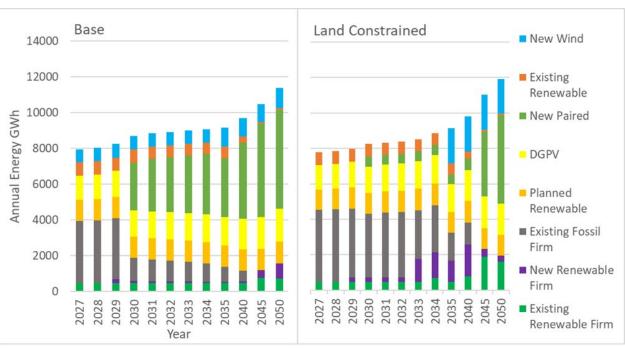
Oahu Grid Needs Assessment Summary

- The Base and Land Constrained cases provide two different pathways to meeting near term grid needs.
- The Base case assumes that future grid-scale PV and onshore wind are available up to their technical potential.
- The Land Constrained case assumes that biomass and onshore wind are unavailable, future grid-scale PV potential is reduced to 270 MW.



Oahu Grid Needs Assessment Summary





- New renewable resources are consistently selected in high amounts over the near term. Renewable firm additions increase with higher assumed load.
- DER, planned, and future renewables plus storage serve the majority of load and new renewable firm resources are dispatched minimally, except in the Land Constrained scenario where resource options are more limited.

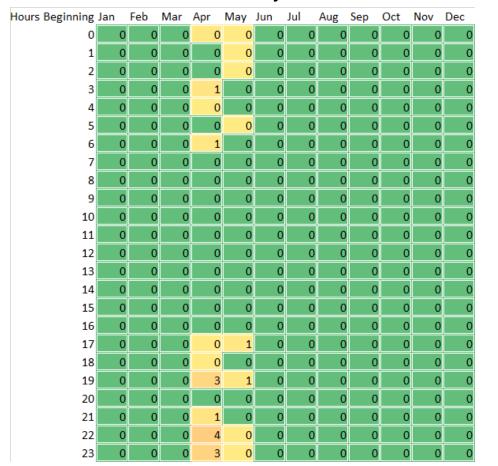


Oahu Grid Needs Assessment Summary

 Pictured are heatmaps of unserved energy (MWh) that show when unserved energy may occur based on probabilistic resource adequacy analysis. Shortfalls shift from the evening during the winter months in the Existing System to April, May when PV+BESS resources do not have enough energy to serve demand in the morning and evening peaks.

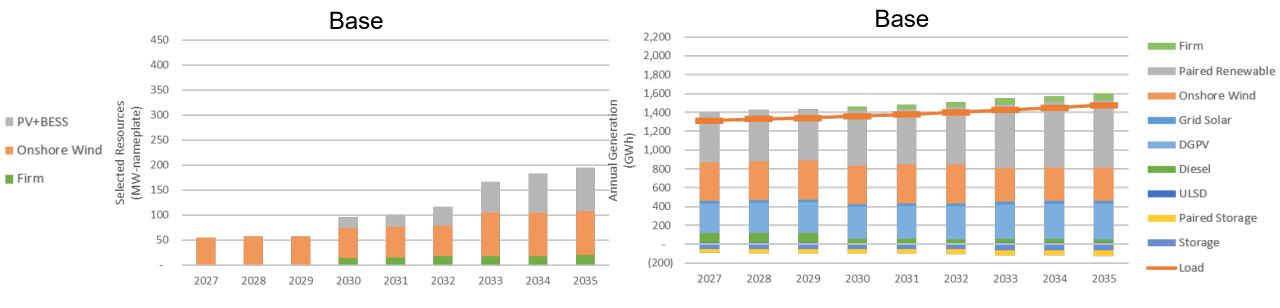
Existing System

Add 270 MW New Paired PV Add 300 MW New Firm, Delay 170 MW Firm Removal





Maui Grid Needs Assessment Summary



- New renewable resources are consistently selected over the near term. Renewable firm additions increase with higher assumed load.
- DER, planned, and future renewables plus storage serve the majority of load and new renewable firm resources are dispatched minimally.



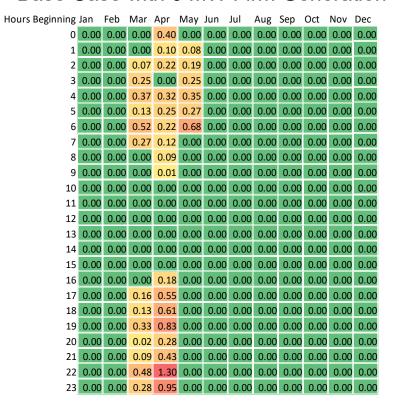
Maui Grid Needs Assessment Summary

• Pictured are heatmaps of unserved energy (MWh) that show when unserved energy may occur based on probabilistic resource adequacy analysis. Shortfalls shift from the evening in the Existing System to the months of March, April and May when PV+BESS resources do not have enough energy to serve demand in the morning and evening peaks. With the addition of the 9 MW firm generation, shortfalls decrease in magnitude and occur in fewer time periods.

Existing System

Hours Beginning Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec 0 0.00 18 0.31 0.14 0.20 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.01 0.00 0.01 19 0.09 0.02 0.47 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00

Base Case with 0 MW Firm Generation



Base Case with 9 MW Firm Generation

rs Beginning	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.06	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.17	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
17	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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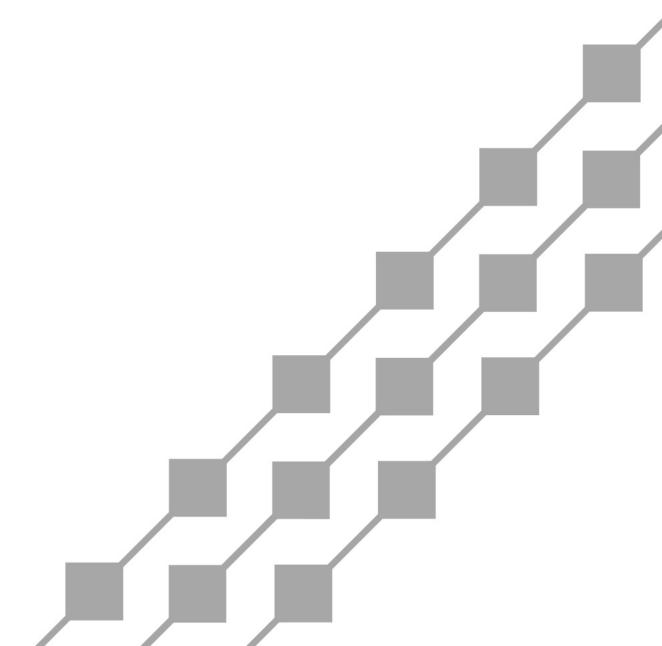
Evaluating Firm and Variable Renewable Proposals

- In D&O No. 38735, it was noted that:
 - Commission is inclined to treat the "firm" component of the Stage 3 RFPs for Oahu and Maui as an assessment for the market's potential to provide such renewable generation resources on a cost-effective basis to meet customer needs
 - The Companies shall evaluate if a proposed resource may satisfy the firm capacity target to any extent, for instance, with reasonable assumptions for capacity accreditation depending on the overall portfolio and mix of existing and new resources
 - Per Section 4.8 (Selection of the Final Award Group) of the RFP, only firm generation utilizing synchronous generators will be selected to meet the firm renewable generation target and variable renewable dispatchable generation is expected to meet the renewable dispatchable generation target.
 - In the event that either target in this RFP is not completely met by Proposals received in either
 the firm generation or the renewable generation categories, the Company may then, if the
 Company determines such Proposals can meet the needs identified for such target, consider
 Proposals responsive to one target to satisfy the needs of the alternate target.

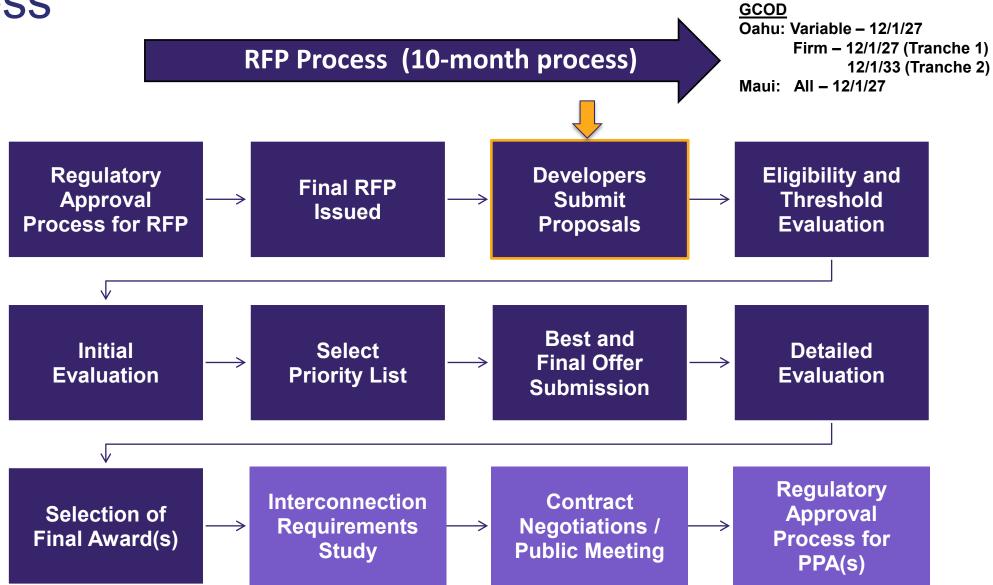


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RFP Process

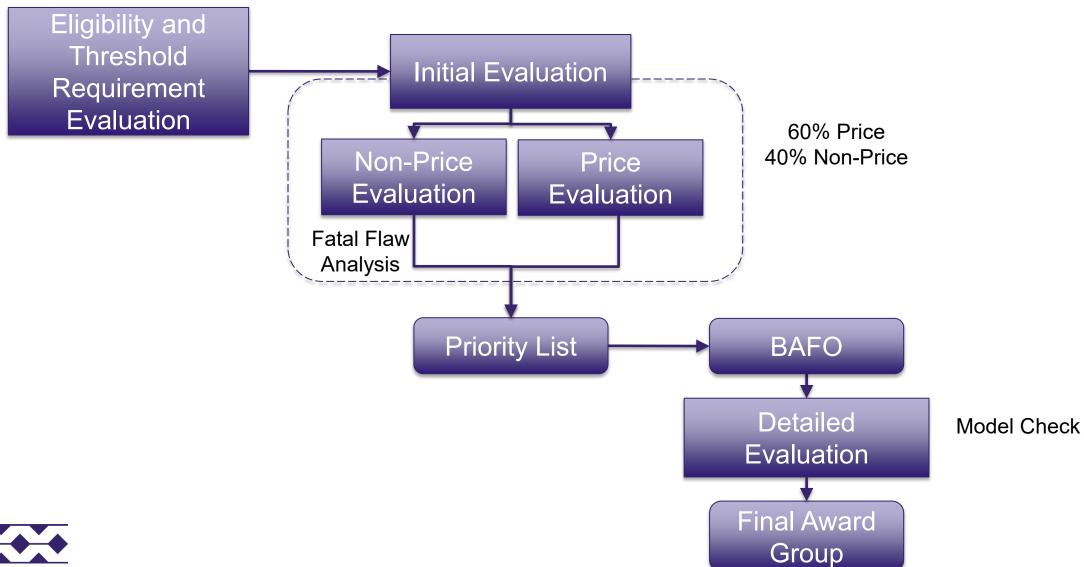


RFP Process





Evaluation Process





Eleven Non-Price Criteria (40%)

Double Weighted	Single Weighted					
Community Outreach	Experience and Qualifications					
State of Project Development and Schedule	Environmental Compliance and Permitting Plan					
Performance Standards	Financial Strength and Financing Plan					
	Proposed Contract Modifications					
	Cultural Resource Impacts					
	Carbon Emissions					
	Technical Model					
	Land Use and Impervious Cover					

One Overall Non-Price Criterion

Underperformance Infractions



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New RFP Requirements

Indexed Price Adjustment

Indexed Price Adjustment = $\frac{\text{(GDPPI @ [B]) - (GDPPI @ [A])}}{\text{(GDPPI @ [A])}}$

- Driven by Environment of Market Volatility
- One Time Price Adjustment of BAFO-defined Prices
- Percentage Difference in the Gross Domestic Producer Price Index ("GDPPI") at [B] Commission approval date of the Stage 3 Contract and at [A] BAFO
- Capped no greater than 10%





Previous Performance Non-Price Criterion

- Commission 1/20/22 letter requested Hawaiian Electric consider a nonprice criterion that evaluates the performance of a bidder's existing or past projects under contract with Hawaiian Electric
- New criterion is based on underperformance Hawaiian Electric experienced within the past 5 years with any Proposer
- Negative points system that deducts points from total non-price score based on any infractions experienced
- Maximum points deducted capped at -10 points for infractions listed below
- Additional pending litigation infraction, -10 point penalty
 - Declining Priority List or Final Award invitation
 - Terminate or withdrawal from awarded contract
 - Missed GCOD
 - Missed PPA milestones or Seller's Conditions Precedent

- Breached representations and warranties
- Failure to remedy violations
- Paid LDs



Community Benefits Package

- İĬ
- Funds Proposer will commit to provide on an annual basis and other community benefits (in addition to funding) that the proposer intends to provide
- At a minimum, Proposers should commit to setting aside at least \$3,000 per MW per year, for community benefits
- Directed to a non-profit organization such as Hawaii Community
 Foundation for distribution to the community
- Part of the Community Outreach non-price criteria





Carbon Emissions

- Aligned to carbon neutral goals Hawaiian Electric and the State of Hawaii set forth
- Questionnaire responses scored to indicate likely impact the Project's likely lifecycle GHG emissions
- Preference will be given to Proposals that commit to further reducing or mitigating their Facility's carbon emissions

Land Use and Impervious Cover

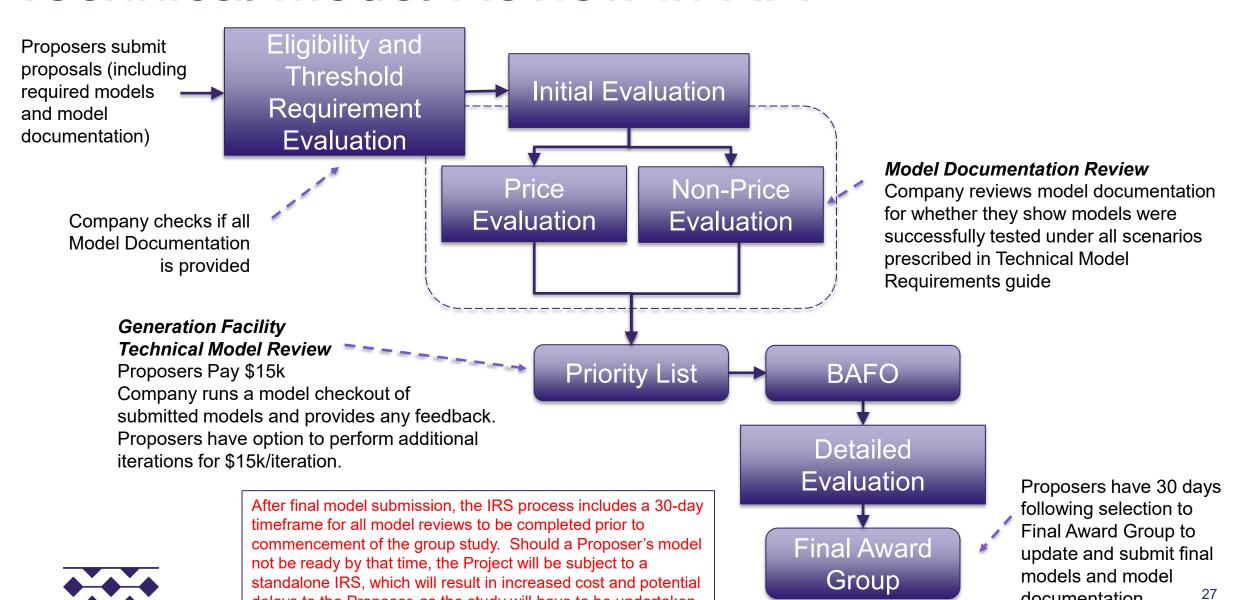
- Encourage Proposals to site Projects on developed lands to preserve open space and agricultural lands
- Score more favorably for locating Projects on land:
 - With greater existing impervious cover.
 - Zoned for more intensive uses
 - Deemed as reclaimed, such as brownfield



Technical Model Review in RFP

delays to the Proposer, as the study will have to be undertaken

after the group study is completed.



documentation

to begin IRS Process

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Information Made Available

Notable Sections of the RFPs

- ◆ RFP Requirements RFP Body, Stage 3 Contracts (Appendix J, K, L, M)
- Structure of Proposal Appendix B Proposer's Response Package
- Submission PowerAdvocate
- Interconnection Facilities and Cost Information Appendix H
- Additional Interconnection Information
 - Filed PPAs are public on the PUC DMS (https://dms.puc.hawaii.gov/dms/) Attachment G of the PPA
 - IPP Interconnection Reported Metrics Download on Company's Key Performance Metrics webpage https://www.hawaiianelectric.com/performancemetrics
- Available MW Capacity can be sent to <u>oahurenewablerfp@hawaiianelectric.com/</u> mauirenewablerfp@hawaiianelectric.com.
- Mutual Confidentiality and Non-Disclosure Agreement Appendix E, Word doc can be downloaded from www.hawaiianelectric.com/Stage3MauiRFP.



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Stage 3 Contracts

Stage 3 Oahu and Maui Contracts

- Four Contracts for Four Types of Projects
 - Exhibit 6 (RFP Appendix J): Model RDG PPA (PV+BESS)
 - Exhibit 8 (Oahu), Exhibit 9 (Maui): Project Specific Addendum (PSA)
 - Exhibit 10: DC-Coupled Storage Attachment (DCC)
 - Exhibit 7 (RFP Appendix K): Model RDG PPA (Wind+BESS)
 - Uses same PSA as Exhibit 8 (Oahu), Exhibit 9 (Maui)
 - Exhibit 14 (Oahu), Exhibit 15 (Maui) (RFP Appendix L): Model Firm PPA
 - No Separate Addendum or Attachments; Equivalents are in the base model contract
 - Exhibit 11 (RFP Appendix M): Model ESPA
 - Exhibit 12 (Oahu), Exhibit 13 (Maui): Project Specific Addendum (PSA)

RDG – Renewable Dispatchable Generation; PPA – Power Purchase Agreement; ESPA – Energy Storage Purchase Agreement



Model PV+BESS and Wind (+BESS)

- Renewable Dispatchable Generation PPA:
 - Fixed payment based on modeled "Net Energy Potential" and not actual energy delivered
 - Modeled Net Energy Potential is systematically adjusted for certain project milestones among other reasons
 - Fixed payment is adjusted for equipment availability and performance to ensure routine delivery of the modeled Net Energy Potential
 - Makes traditionally variable resources "dispatchable" allowing them to contribute to reserves among other grid services when available and needed.
 - Self mitigates need for additional reserves required of traditional variable resources
 - Removes concept of "curtailment" and risk to developer compensation of such
- Active Power Control Interface (along with the many other technical provisions of the PPA) is critical to ensuring Project success in this model

Model Firm PPA

- Firm Capacity Renewable Dispatchable Generation PPA:
 - Defines the Contract Firm Capacity as the net dependable active power to be made available to Company from the Facility at the Metering Point subject to Company Dispatch upon Commercial Operations.
 - Payment structure can be purely a Capacity Payment for the Contract Firm Capacity or a combination of a Capacity and Energy Payment.
 - Energy payment is intended to capture variable costs if any
 - Similar methods to adjust the payment as the RDG Contracts based on availability and performance of the generating equipment
- Active Power Control Interface (along with the many other technical provisions of the PPA) critical to ensuring Project success in this model



Energy Storage Purchase Agreement

- Energy Storage Purchase Agreement:
 - No provisions for "energy production" as will be used only for a "stand alone" energy storage device
 - Otherwise many of the same contractual and technical requirements as the RDG PPA
 - Fixed payment adjusted for availability and performance
 - Limitations to the "use case" contractually defined, but many services "bundled" in the technical requirements similar to the RDG contracts
- Active Power Control Interface (along with the many other technical provisions of the PPA) critical to ensuring Project success in this model

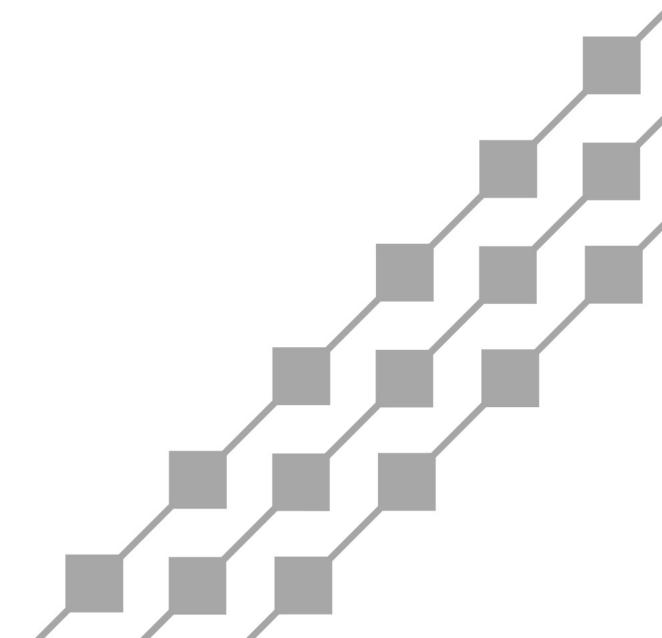
IEEE 2800-2022

- February 10, 2023 Letter to the Commission
 - Request PUC approval to incorporate certain specific elements from IEEE 2800-2022 into the PPAs for all Stage 3 RFPs
 - Extension of time to receive bids for Stage 3 Hawaii Island RFP
- Incorporating IEEE 2800-2022 requirements sets standard baseline bulk power system connected inverter performance requirements to aid in the reliable and stable operations of the Company grids; especially important for the inverter dominated dispatches envisioned in the Companies' future.



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Appendix H



Stage 3 Oahu and Maui Appendix H

- ◆ Section 1 Cost Responsibilities
- Section 2 Company Interconnection
 Requirements and Costs (Proposer-paid)
- Section 3 Proposer-Build Responsibilities
- Section 4 Typical Company Durations



- Company costs to support substation work for interconnection to a line
- Oʻahu
 - 2.1B 46kV
 - 2.1C 138kV
- Contact Company for Remote Sub quantities

B. Typical Subtransmission Interconnection

The costs in Section 2.1B are reflective of typical standard interconnections to existing circuits at subtransmission voltages. Costs for interconnection to specific Company sites are shown in Section 2.2. Costs are for Proposer-Build projects.

Item	Description	Cost	
15	Attachment 2 – 46kV Variable Project	\$403,000	
16	Attachment 3 – 46kV Firm Project	\$1,041,000	
Remote Sub Work			
21	For Radial Circuits - Components at Company's 46kV remote	\$435,000 /	
	substation, including DTT and relaying requirements	site	
22	For Paralleled Circuits - Components at Company's 46kV remote	\$561,000 /	
	substation, including DTT and Relay Upgrades	site	

C. Typical Transmission Interconnection

The costs in Section 2.1C are reflective of typical standard interconnections to existing circuits at transmission voltages. Costs for interconnection to specific Company sites are shown in Section 2.2. Costs are for Proposer-Build projects.

Item	Description	Cost
At New 138kV Switching Station		
32	Attachment 4 - 138kV Interconnection to Two (2) Existing Circuits	\$2,105,000
	(4-Bay BAAH configuration)	
Remote Sub Work		
36a	138kV line relay upgrades	\$452,000 each
36b	138kV circuit breaker replacement	\$569,000 each
36c	DTT for anti-islanding	\$108,000 each



Appendix H – Section 2.1 (continued)

- Maui
 - 2.1C 69kV
- Contact Company for Remote Sub quantities
- See other sections for additional costs

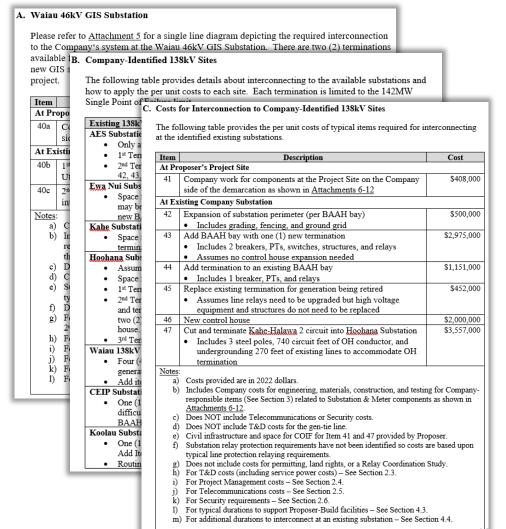
C. Typical Transmission Interconnection

The costs in Section 2.1C are reflective of typical standard interconnections to existing circuits at transmission voltages. Costs for interconnection to specific Company sites are shown in Section 2.2. Costs are for Proposer-Build projects.

Item	Description	Cost	
At New 69kV Switching Station			
30	Attachment 2 - 69kV Interconnection to an Existing Circuit	\$875,000	
Remote Sub Work			
34a	DTT for anti-islanding	\$108,000	



- Company costs to support substation work for interconnection to existing substations
- Oʻahu
 - 2.2A Waiau 46kV GIS Substation
 - 2.2B Company-Identified 138kV Substations
 - 2.2C Costs
 - Item 41 required for all projects
 - Items 42-47 quantities are listed in Section 2.2B





Appendix H – Section 2.2 (continued)

- Maui
 - 2.2A Lahainaluna
 Substation
 - 2.2B KealahouSubstation
- See other Sections for additional costs



A. Lahainaluna Substation

Please refer to <u>Attachment 3</u> for a single line diagram depicting the required interconnection to the Company's system at Lahainaluna Substation. Costs shown assume a Proposer-Build project.

Item	Description	Cost
41a	Company work for components at the Project Site on the	\$379,000
	Company side of the demarcation as shown in <u>Attachment 3</u>	
41b	Company work for components at Lahainaluna Substation as shown in <u>Attachment 3</u>	\$1,757,000

Notes

a) B. Kealahou Substation

Please refer to <u>Attachment 4</u> for a single line diagram depicting the required interconnection to the Company's system at Kealahou Substation. Costs shown assume a Proposer-Build project.

Item	Description	Cost
42a	Company work for components at the Project Site on the	\$379,000
	Company side of the demarcation as shown in Attachment 4	
42b	Company work for components at Kealahou Substation as shown in <u>Attachment 4</u>	\$1,757,000

Notes:

- a) Costs provided are in 2022 dollars.
- b) Includes Company costs for engineering, materials, construction, and testing for Company-responsible items (See Section 3) related to Substation & Meter components as shown in the referenced attachment.
- c) Does NOT include T&D, Telecommunications, or Security costs.
- d) Civil infrastructure and space for COIF for Item 42a provided by Proposer.
- e) Substation relay protection requirements have not been identified so costs are based upon typical line protection relaying requirements.
- f) Does not include costs for permitting, land rights, or a Relay Coordination Study.
- g) For T&D costs (including service power costs) See Section 2.3. Add Item 131 for T&D Baseline cost.
- h) For Project Management costs See Section 2.4.
- i) For Telecommunications costs See Section 2.5
- For Security requirements See Section 2.6.
- k) For typical durations to support Proposer-Build facilities See Section 4.3.
- 1) For additional durations to interconnect at Kealahou Substation See Section 4.4.

- Company costs to support all T&D work
- Oahu
 - Sec 2.3B 46kV baseline costs
 - Sec 2.3C 138kV baseline costs

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B. Typical Subtransmission Interconnection Baseline

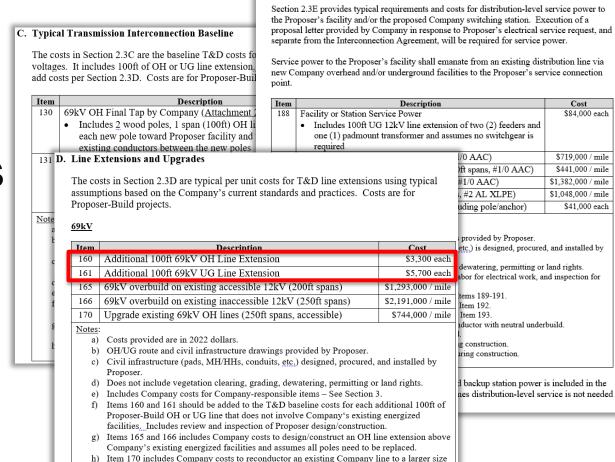
The costs in Section 2.3B are the baseline T&D costs for interconnections at subtransmission voltages. It includes an OH or UG line extension as specified in the Item description below. For any extensions greater than the specified length, please add costs per Section 2.3D. Costs are for Proposer-Build projects.

Item	Description	Cost
120	46kV OH to OH Final Tap by Company (Attachments 2 and 3)	\$86,000 (1st tap)
	 Includes 1 wood pole, 1 span (100ft) OH line extension 	\$51,000 (2 nd tap)
	toward Proposer facility and assumes Proposer designs,	
	procures, and installs the required gang-operated switch	
121	46kV OH to UG Final Tap by Company (Attachments 2, 3, & 5)	\$241,000 (1st tap)
	Tandada 1 d anta 1 annualis b 1000 TYC time	\$188 000 (2nd tap)
122	C. Typical Transmission Interconnection Baseline	
	The costs in Section 2.3C are the baseline T&D costs for interconnections at transmission voltages. It includes 100ft of OH or UG line extension. For any extensions > 100ft, please a costs per Section 2.3D. Costs are for Proposer-Build projects.	

Item	Description	Cost
133	138kV OH to OH Final Tap by Company (Attachment 4)	\$962,000
	 Includes 2 steel poles, 1 span (100ft) OH line extension from 	per circuit
	each new pole toward Proposer facility and the removal of	
	existing conductors between the new poles	
135	138kV OH Final Span for Termination to Existing Substation by	\$100,000 each
	Company (Attachments 6-12)	
	 Includes 1 span (100ft) of 138kV conductors and 2 spans (100ft) 	
	each) of shield wire from steel pole to substation termination	
	structure	
136	138kV UG Termination to an Existing Substation by Proposer	\$34,000 each
	(Attachments 6-12)	
	Includes Company costs for Company-responsible items – See	
	Section 3.	

Appendix H – Section 2.3 (continued)

- Maui
 - Sec 2.3C 69kV baseline costs
- Sec 2.3D Line extensions (all voltages)
- Costs for facility service power should be accounted for (Sec 2.3E)



as determined by the SIS and assumes no poles need to be replaced.

E. Service Power



- Company Project
 Management costs
- Required for every project
- Cost will vary depending on your project schedule

B. Subtransmission Projects

Item	Description	Cost
196	Engineering Phase	\$18,300 / month
	 Includes facilitation, coordination, and support for 	
	Engineering Design and Procurement periods	
	Construction Phase	\$23,000 / month
	· Includes facilitation, coordination, and support from the start	
	of construction through back feed (energization)	
	Testing/Closeout Phase	\$11,700 / month
	 Includes facilitation, coordination and support for Developer system testing and CSAT 	
Notes		
a)	Costs derived using 2022 rates.	
b)	Total costs are tied to schedule and duration of the entire project.	

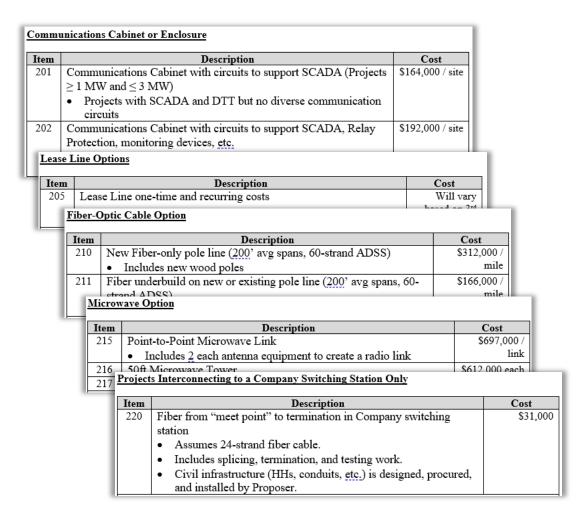
The Closeout Phase shall extend 4 months past GCOD.

C. Transmission Projects

Item	Description	Cost
197	Engineering Phase	\$18,300 / month
	 Includes facilitation, coordination, and support for 	
	Engineering Design and Procurement periods	
	Construction Phase	\$23,000 / month
	Includes facilitation, coordination, and support from the start	
	of construction through back feed (energization)	
	Testing/Closeout Phase	\$11,700 / month
	Includes facilitation, coordination and support for Developer	
	system testing and CSAT	
Notes:		
a)	Costs derived using 2022 rates.	
b)	Total costs are tied to schedule and duration of the entire project.	
c)	The Closeout Phase shall extend 4 months past GCOD.	



- Telecommunication requirements and costs
- Determine what is required for project and pick which items/costs are needed based on comm option chosen

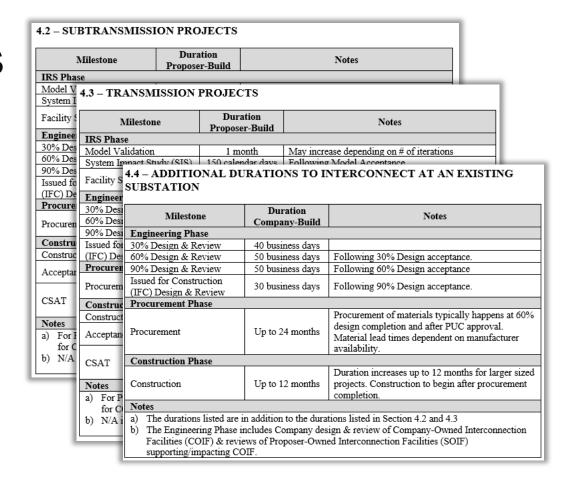




- Security requirements for Proposer facilities housing Company equipment
- Security requirements for a new Company-owned substation
- Costs provided are for Company-responsible items
- Proposers must do their own due diligence on Proposer-responsible items



- Typical Company durations to include in schedule
- These items should be shown in your project schedule
- Sec 4.4 is in addition to durations listed in Sec 4.2 and 4.3





Oahu Appendix H – Attachments

- Attachment 1 Project Examples
- Attachment 2 Typical SLD/Notes for interconnection to 46kV lines for variable generation
- Attachment 3 Typical SLD/Notes for interconnection to 46kV lines for firm generation
- Attachment 4 Typical SLD/Notes for interconnection to 138kV lines (2 circuits)



Oahu Appendix H – Attachments (cont.)

 Attachments 5-12* – SLD/Notes for interconnection to Waiau 46kV, AES 138kV, Ewa Nui 138kV, Kahe 138kV, Hoohana 138kV, Waiau 138kV, CEIP 138kV, Koolau 138kV

*Note – Attachments 5-12 can be requested after execution of an NDA



Maui Appendix H – Attachments

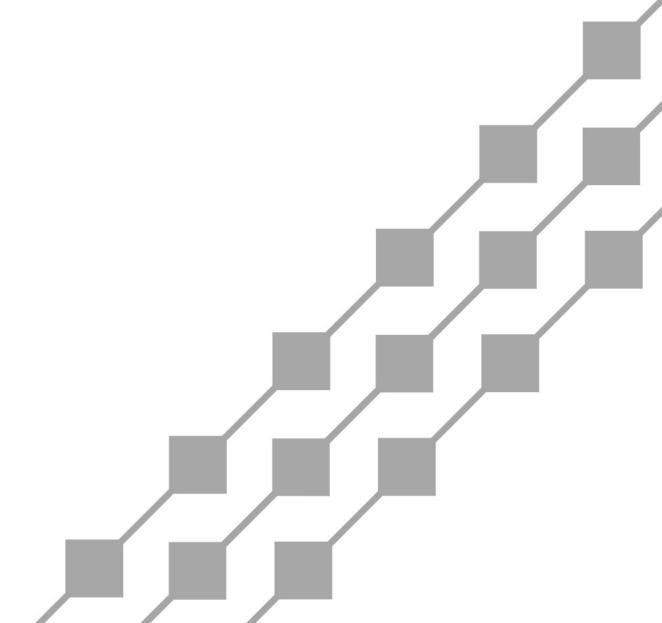
- Attachment 1 Project Examples
- Attachment 2 Typical SLD/Notes for interconnection to existing 69kV lines
- Attachment 3 SLD/Notes for interconnection to Lahainaluna
- Attachment 4 SLD/Notes for interconnection to Kealahou

*Note – Attachments 3 & 4 can be requested after execution of an NDA.



Hawaiian Electric

Next Steps



Stage 3 Oahu and Maui RFP Schedule

Milestone	Schedule Dates
Final RFP Issued	January 20, 2023
Hawaiian Electric and Affiliate Proposal Due Date	April 19, 2023
IPP Proposal Due Date	April 20, 2023
Selection of Priority List	July 6, 2023
Hawaiian Electric and Affiliate BAFOs	July 13, 2023
IPP Proposal BAFOs	July 14, 2023
Selection of Final Award Group	October 27, 2023
IRS and Contract Negotiations Begin	November 3, 2023



Information

- RFP email address

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- RFP webpage

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Mahalo

